

Mick Vann's List of Thai Herbs, Vegetables, and Fruits:

A note regarding transliteration of Thai names: there is an official transliteration system for Thai-English that is approved by the Thai government, however very few Thai's use it, and it can often seem to make it more difficult to figure out what is being discussed. Few Thai cookbook authors even agree on the English transliteration of the most basic Thai words for ingredients. Here I have used a phonetic transliteration approved by friends that are native Thai speakers.

The best local (Austin) source for living Thai herbs is a plant nursery called It's About Thyme, owned by Chris and Diane Winslow, and located about 2 miles south of Slaughter Lane, on Manchaca Road. They have been written-up in the *New York Times*, among other publications, as a source for Thai herbs and vegetables. My Thai friends and I purchase a large variety of different Thai seeds for them when we are in Thailand, and Chris and Diane grow them out for public sale. Their supply of plants at any given moment varies, depending on the season, and the supply of seeds. Call and see if they have what you are after....

It's About Thyme Nursery 11726 Manchaca Rd. Austin, TX 78748 512-280-1192 itsaboutthymegc@ev1.net

Thai Herbs:	bai = "leaves"
Sweet Basil	ho-ra-phaa
Lemon Basil	man-glug
Thai Basil	maeng-lak (also mint basil) smaller, smoother, and more delicate than sweet basil
Holy Basil	ka-prao (purplish, hairy)there is also a variety of Holy basil that is light green, without the purplish pigmentnote: Holy basil is always added during the
	cooking process, and is never eaten raw

Cilantro Rau Ram Sawtooth coriander	phak chii ? phak chii faran	(roots=raak phak chii; seeds=met phak chii) aka Viet. Cilantro; <i>Polygonum odoratum</i> g
Spearmint Asian pennywort Vietnamese Mint	sa-ra-nay bai bua bok phak phai (Po	the true Thai mint is called "water mint" lygonum sp.)
Chilies: "mouse dropping" "farm" mouse dropping "dragon's Eye " m.d. "sky pointing" banana stalk chile orange chile Sweet bell pepper	Prik prik khii nuu prik khii nuu su prik khii nuu su prik chi faa prik yuak prik haeng prik waan	, ,

...there are ten main types that are commonly used...originally brought to Thailand in 1629 by the Portuguese (it took only 30 years for chiles to cover all parts of the country (which included parts of Cambodia and Laos at the time, and was much larger than Thailand's current size) and be completely adapted into the cuisine)...previously the heat came from peppercorns (called "Prik Thai"): green (prik thai onn), black, and white (slightly different and spicier than our white peppercorns)

Garlic Shallots Red shallots Green Onions Onion	kra-tiem hawm-lek, hawm-daeng ton-hawm hua-hawm	
Lemongrass	ta-krai	
Bay Leaf	gra-wan	
Galangal	khaa	
Ginger	khing	
Cardamom	luuk gra-waan	
Turmeric	kha-min	
White Turmeric	khamin khao	
Red turmeric	khamin leuang	
Sugarcane turmeric	khamin ooy, khamin chan	
"Chinese keys"	kra-chai	aka: "finger root", "rhizome", "wild ginger"
Torch ginger	ka-laa	

Pepper Leaf Cumin Leaf chaplu yee-rah aka "wild tea leaf", "betel leaf"

Thai Lime Leaf mak-root, ma-groot Note: the common English name, Kaffir leaf, has been changed because the word "kaffir", which is from South Africa and means "colored" (referring to that portion of the population from India) is derogatory.

Taro/elephant ear

puak

Easily-Grown Annual Vegetables Used in Thai Cooking:

Vagetables:	Pakk-Sod
Eggplants: small grape-sized green & white striped, small, round green, small, round Ichiban type, purple long green	Makheua makheua phuang makheua phraw mauek makheua yao makheua yao
Tomato	makheua-theht
Potato	man farang
Long beans, yard-long beans Winged bean Snow pea Hyacinth bean Peanut Soybean Stink bean	tua fak-yao tua poohdips, curries, stir fries salads, dipstua pooh tua lan-taosalads, dipstua paeb tua lisongpods used in dips and curriestua leuang sadtor, sadaoaka Petai bean
Cucumbers: Regular Long Asian-style Short pickling	tang gwah ? ?
Ash melon Bitter melon Winter melon Gourd Squash Luffa	fak gwio mara fak nguu, mara buap fak buap liam

Snake gourd Wax gourd Bottle gourd Cantaloupe Watermelon Jicama	buap nguu fak khiaw naam tao taeng thai taeng-mo man kaew red or yellow-meated, small
Napa cabbage	phak kat khao plii
Mustard cabbage	phak khat khiaw
Watercress	phak khat naam,
Siamese watercress	phak boong
Lettuce	phak khat hawm
Chinese kale, Chinese broccoli	phak kha-naa
Morning glory greens	phak ka-chet
Carrots	kea-rod
Daikon	hua chai thao, hua chai poh
Giant radish	hua phak khat
Chinese celery	kheun chai
Corn	khao phoht
Okra	krajiap mawn
Cauliflower	pak ka-lum dak
Broccoli	bok-ka-li
Chinese broccoli	gai lin
Bamboo shoots	naw mai, nor mai
Lotus leaves	bai bua
Lotus stems	sai bua
Lotus roots	raag bua
Water chestnut	hoy khew

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Phon la mai (fruit of the tree)

Langsat Longan Lychee langsat lamyai lynchii

best = Hong huai & Chakrapat

Mangosteen Rambutan Santol	mang-khut ngaw gra-torn	
Thai green orange Mandarin/Kalachoes Thai lime Lime Citron Pomelo	som-cheng som-khiaw-wan mak-root manao som-saa som-oh	best: s.o. thong dee (Brilliant gold) & s.o. khao hom (Fragrant white)
Gandaria (plum mango) Hog plum Rambeh	ma-prang makrok ma-fai	
Gooseberry	ma-yom	
? ? ? ?	mak-jeong gradum maew lamai ma kham thao look-jar	
Strawberry	strah-buree	
Grapes	angoon	
Starfruit/Carambola	ma-feung	
Sapodilla	la-moot	
Rose apple Jujube	chompu poodza	green & red
Mango green mango	ma-muang ma-muang dip	
Papaya green papaya	malakaw malakaw dip	
Guava	fa-rang	
Passionfruit	saowarot	
Custard apple/sweetsop	nawy-naa/noi nah	aka Sugar apple

Durian	thurian	mildest = mawn thawng ("golden pillow"); best = kahn yeow (Longstem D.), chanee (Gibbon D.)
Jackfruit	ka-noon	(jackfruit permanently stains clothes)
Cantaloupe Watermelon	taeng thai tang-mo	red or yellow-meatedsmall and round
Pineapple	sapparot	many different varieties used
Coconut: fire-sweetened roasted coconut meat young (for "water") young (for unripe flesh) coconut palm fruit coconut cream coconut milk coconut sugar (from sap)	ma-prao ma-prao pao maprao khrua maprao onn maprao teun te luk chid, luk ta hua gati hang gati nahm dtam ma	arn, luk jark
Banana : fragrant medium, thick medium, thick egg princess finger cooking banana flower bud banana tree heart banana leaves	in Thai cuisine kluay hawm nam wah (sour kluay naam kluay khai kluay mep me kluay hak moo hua plii	rce of leaves for cooking = bai twang); sticky& sweet u naang bk urries in the North=gaeng yuak)
Tamarind Tamarind leaves Ambarella Roselle Cashew apple (fruit) Zalaccas Pomegranate	ma-khaam bai ma-khaam ma-kawk ma-kawk fara ma-kawk num kra-jiap ma-moung-hir la kharn tap thim	aka: Otaheite apple, or Thai olive ng larger smallergrows near water

Snakefruit Sour snakeskin pear Sugarcane	? rakam ooy	aka "strawberry plum
snacks	aahaan waang	literally "empty food"how poetic to call a snack worthless food

Bibliography of Recommended Thai Cookbooks:

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Thompson, David, Thai Food, Ten Speed Press, 2002

Yu, Su-Mei, Cracking the Coconut: Classic Thai Home Cooking, Harper, 2000

Mick Vann:

Co-author, with Art Meyer: *The Appetizer Atlas: A World of Small Bites*, Wiley, 2003 ...winner of World's Best Foreign Cookery Book, 2004 Gourmand World Cookbook Awards

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